













**AUSTRALIAN AND  
TOPIC**

by strong treatment in the first instance. I have been cured of my chronic rheumatism, and I am now able to do my work with satisfaction, and we always keep it as a tonic. I am, in fact, sure it is good for these cases of plasticity.

After an interval of five years since my wife was cured I consider it a fair trial as to the permanency, and I am well-known here, having lived here for 25 years, have addressed it yearly at the meetings of the Association of Glen Innes, New South Wales, and not afraid to sign my name as guarantee to others that it is what it is represented.

JAMES HEALST, Mayor.

H. H. Warner and Dr. J. H. Warner, of Glen Innes, New Mayor, and state that they could letter to the first communication or business association, direct or indirect between us, consequently none can question but what it was obtained purely by gratitude and desire to benefit others.—Adv.

mission, and in spite of newspaper notices and personal gossip may be said, as he himself would have wished, to have "crept silently to rest."

As a nation we are so taken up nowadays with our Imperial responsibilities that the wars of the art critics, like those of the High Churchmen and the Low Churchmen, have become almost forgotten. People are more anxious to know about Currier and Meyer's bulletins than about the merits of different styles of painting or different schools of theological thought. A reaction will inevitably come, however, when a new Rankin or a new Copley will arise to remind us of our sins instead of merely of our struggles and our triumphs. As I am glad to hear that our American cousins who are less preoccupied than ourselves, have

him a prosperous voyage to Australia. Mr. Cuninghame, in reply, said that he had always been a warm supporter of the association, and hoped that it would continue to do the good work that had characterized it in the past. He thanked them sincerely for the high compliment they had paid him. A suggestion that the toast of "The Queen" should be drunk was readily accepted and enthusiastically honoured, after which the gathering broke up.

James Brown, Thomas Sales, Richard Boodin, and John Collins. Good cattle stand out so clear and prominent above all others that have appeared on the scene during the present and last century. They were all shorthorn-breeders, too, and it is curious that there are no other names so familiar as theirs throughout the world in connection with the improvement of any other race of cattle.

It may interest the young stockmen of this country to learn something of the methods adopted by these famous breeders. The Collings Brothers commenced their work of improving shorthorns about the year 1780, or somewhat prior to that date. They picked up their foundation animals as all wise breeders do, wherever they could get good stock. Borrowing a leaf from the practice

completely recovered (the water was so clean, truly) and I was  
well-to-do as ever I was in my whole life. I HAVE  
NEITHER ACNE NOR POX AND AM STRONG AND  
ROBUST. For this I have to thank Waller's Vinolite  
tablets. You may see this testimonial in any way you please,  
and I only hope and trust that it may be of a REAL  
TESTIMONIAL. I AM PERFECTLY VOLUNTARY ON  
MY BEHALF AND AM STRICTLY SINCERE, or if they can  
draw a stamp (for reply) I will answer any correspond-  
ence. Yours very gratefully,  
G. H. GRADWIN.

W. W. EBBEL, Laureate, Tacoma, Wash. Editor.

able. Certainly, everybody looked upon the wool situation as practically impregnable, but then it was not the unexpected that generally happens, and the present is no exception to the past history of the trade. The outcome of this present retort only confirms the general impression one has had that the work of stabilization by all users has been exceedingly small. The demand on a larger scale than ever the most sanguine anticipated, and medium and coarse tweeds which have almost held their own are in decay in greater consumption by our manufacturers than ever, and the same is true of the finer grades.

Looking at the situation so far as it affects your country, we are in a position to say that during 1900 we will have a larger consumption of medium and coarse tweeds than we had in any of the past five years, and I think manufacturers to-day are

[illegible]











## SPECIAL CABLES.

FROM THE "HERALD'S" LONDON CORRESPONDENTS.

## THE IMPERIAL BUDGET.

PROPOSALS OF THE GOVERNMENT.

## A WAR LOAN OF £30,000,000.

## INCREASED TAXES.

## NEW STAMP DUTY PROPOSED.

LONDON, March 6.

In the House of Commons last night Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, delivered his Budget speech.

He said that the Government proposed to borrow £30,000,000, of which £20,000,000 would be a war loan.

To obtain additional revenue the Government proposed to add 4d to the income tax, 4d to the tax on tobacco, 6d to the tax on foreign cigars, 2d to the tax on tea, 6d a gallon to the spirits, and one shilling a barrel to the beer.

It is proposed to impose a stamp duty of one shilling on brokers' contracts for the sale of produce.

The Budget speech was generally applauded in the House, and the resolutions on which the Budget was introduced were agreed to.

Later.

In the course of his speech Sir Michael Hicks-Beach adhered to the statement he made at the opening of Parliament in October last as to the capacity of the Transvaal when annexed to bear a reasonable share of the war expenditure, but he said, in view of the compensation due to the loyalists of Natal accruing from their losses in the war and the enormous expenditure Great Britain had been forced to undertake, the capacity of the Transvaal to bear the cost was a less important factor now, though it was still important.

The chief consideration, the Chancellor of the Exchequer said, was that Great Britain's propitiation in meeting her liabilities afforded foreign powers a proof of her earnestness in the work wherein she was engaged.

The expenditure of the year was only £10,500,000, showing a likely surplus, but the war not occurred, of £5,500,000. The deficit was £17,750,000, whereas £8,000,000 had been temporarily covered by Exchequer bills.

The year 1899 was extraordinarily prosperous, and the prosperity could not be attributed to the increased trade caused by the war.

The estimated expenditure for next year was £14,000,000. He estimated that the deficit would be £37,000,000.

The increase in the Army Estimates over those of the previous year was £47,000,000, of which £38,000,000 was due to the war.

## ENORMOUS WITHDRAWALS FROM THE CUSTOMS.

LONDON, March 6.

Previous to the Budget enormous withdrawals of goods were made from the Customs-houses at Liverpool, Glasgow, Leith, and Portsmouth.

It is some instance cheques for £40,000 and £50,000 were given at the Customs in payment of duty.

## ISSUE OF WAR LOAN STOCK.

LONDON, March 6.

The Government is issuing the bonds or stock for the war loan at a fixed price. The term of the loan is not to exceed a decade.

## PRESS CRITICISM.

LONDON, March 6.

Although it is not likely that the Budget will be seriously opposed, the "Times," the "Standard," and the "Morning Post" all regret that the basis of taxation has not been widened, and that inequalities in the incidence still exist.

The English tariff as it is and as proposed compares as follows:

	At present.	As proposed.
Tobacco, per lb.	6d	6d
Tobacco, per lb.	3d 2d to 3d 6d	3d 6d to 3d 6d
Spirits, home made.	10s 6d	10s 6d
Spirits, imported.	10s 6d	10s 6d
Beer, per barrel.	10s 6d	10s 6d

## A POWERFUL RESERVE FLEET.

LONDON, March 6.

The Admiralty has commenced mobilising a powerful reserve fleet at Torbay on the coast of Devonshire.

## GREAT BRITAIN AND FRANCE.

LONDON, March 5.

M. Delcasse, Minister for Foreign Affairs in the French Cabinet, and M. Ribot have publicly deprecated any anti-British crusade.

M. Delcasse, President of the Chamber of Deputies, has also warned the French people that it is imprudent and childish to harass and insult a strong nation like Great Britain.

## THE PACIFIC CABLE.

LONDON, March 6.

The all-British Pacific cable from Canada to Australia is estimated to cost £1,450,000.

IF YOU WANT TO BORROW MONEY. Go to J.S.W. Mont &amp; Co. Ltd., 74, Collyer Quay, 74, Collyer Quay, 74, Collyer Quay.

## LATE EDITION.

HERALD OFFICE, 6.40 a.m.

## THE WAR.

## DOERS NEAR OSFONTEIN.

LONDON, March 6.

A reconnaissance by the New South Wales Lancers and the Inniskilling Dragoons disclosed the Boers four miles from Osfontein, occupying kopjes on both sides of the river.

Their lines covered a length of 10 miles, the position being strongly entrenched but easily turned.

## LORD ROBERTS'S PROCLAMATION.

LONDON, March 6.

The Boers are eager to obtain copies of the proclamation issued by Lord Roberts, in which he cast the responsibility of the invasion of Natal upon President Steyn and exonerated the burghers.

## CELEBRATING MAJUBA DAY.

LONDON, March 6.

Four hundred Boer women visited Pieter's Hill during the recent fighting to celebrate Majuba Day. All of the party escaped but two.

## MAJOR EDDY'S BODY RECOVERED.

LONDON, March 6.

The body of Major Eddy, of the Victoria Contingent, who was killed at Renburg, has been recovered, and was interred by the chaplain.

## NEW ZEALANDERS FOR THE FRONT.

LONDON, March 6.

The additional contingent of New Zealanders is leaving Capetown for the front.

## THE AFRIKANDER BUND AND THE COLONIES.

LONDON, March 6.

The Afrikaner Bund propose to send a deputation to Canada and Australia to promote the maintenance of the independence of the South African Republics.

## IN THE DORDRECHT DISTRICT.

LONDON, March 6.

The Boers in the Dordrecht district fought stubbornly against Major-General Brabant's mounted force.

The British casualties numbered 30. The colonial troops, who were stiffened by regulars, behaved splendidly.

## THE RELIEF OF LADYSMITH.

LONDON, March 6.

The relief of Ladysmith, including the unsuccessful efforts, cost the British 5000 officers and men out of an army of 25,000.

## A TRIUMPHANT MARCH PAST.

LONDON, March 6.

Sir Redvers Buller's army has made a triumphant "march past" Lieutenant-General Sir G. S. White at Ladysmith. The Dublin Fusiliers led the march.

## BASUTOS JUBILANT.

LONDON, March 6.

The Basutos are wildly jubilant on account of the British victories over the Boers.

## THE BUSHMEN'S CONTINGENT.

ADELAIDE, Tuesday.

Although the Bushmen's Contingent will not embark on the Marmion until next Wednesday, a public farewell was accorded to them.

The streets were thronged with people who wished to see the brave men who were to go to the front.

The Bushmen were to be met at the railway station by the Mayor and the members of the Council.

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## VICTORIA.

MELBOURNE, Tuesday.

In an official letter forwarded by Mr. Chamberlain to the Lieutenant-Governor, the former states:—"I gladly take this opportunity of placing on record the high appreciation entertained by Her Majesty's Government of the anxious and devoted manner in which Lord Roberts has discharged the important duties committed to him and of the valuable services which he rendered during his term of office."

A cable has been received from Miss Lalla Miranda, the well-known Victorian vocalist, from Melbourne as follows:—"March 3.—Very great success here in 'Hamlet.' Am engaged for Covent Garden Theatre, London, in May."

The shipment of gold from Melbourne by the Ophir to-day was £10,000.

The work of preparing plans and specifications for the Queen's Memorial Hospital is now so far advanced that tenders for the erection of the building will be invited in a week's time.

The members of the New South Wales Parliamentary party who are visiting Melbourne to try their skill with the members of the Victorian Parliament were the guests of the V.R.C. at the Victoria Hotel.

The mail steamer India landed her passengers at the quarantine station to-day, and then returned to her voyage to Sydney. The health of the passengers is reported to be good.

At a sitting of the Wesleyan Methodist Conference to-day the Rev. J. Marshall said it was necessary to watch the question of the appointment of clergymen to colonial churches, owing to the position taken up by the Anglican Church. There was, he believed, a tendency to rush the Anglican Church into positions and places to which it was not fitted.

The conference expressed sympathy with Her Majesty the Queen in her visit to South Africa, and prayed that God would maintain her and speedily and the present war. A resolution was also carried that the conference should itself to fall back upon their principal base, the Bibles, and secure a place for the Bible in the national system of education.

## QUEENSLAND.

BRISBANE, Tuesday.

Reports from the south-western districts still show that a pitiable condition exists in many localities on account of the drought. In the Warrego district the bad scrub on which the stock was being fed has been worked out, and about 200 head of cattle have just died at Yelba from want of water.

## PRESBYTERIAN UNION.

A special meeting of the Presbyterian General Assembly of Queensland was held to-day, principally in connection with the federal assembly's proposed scheme of union with the Anglican Church of Australia.

The scheme of union was discussed, and it was decided that the Presbyterian Church should not accept of the scheme, but should remain independent.

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## THE WAR.

STORMBERG EVACUATED.

OCCUPATION BY GENERAL GATACRE.

IN THE DORDRECHT DISTRICT.

PURSUIT OF THE ENEMY.

DISPOSITION OF BRITISH TROOPS.

A BOER FORCE SURROUNDED.

ON THE ROAD TO MAFKING.

THE RELIEF OF LADYSMITH.

BRITISH LOSSES.

PRESIDENT KRUGER'S APPEAL.

LONDON, March 6.

The British correspondents report that the Boers evacuated their position at Stormberg, north of Sterkstroom, on Sunday night.

Lieutenant-General Sir W. F. Gatacre, with his division, has entered Stormberg. Major-General Brabant, with his mounted force, has been victorious over the Boers at Labuschague Nek and other points in the Dordrecht district, and has compelled the enemy to retire.

Major-General Brabant is pursuing the retreating Boers.

The names of all the Natal Dutch serving with the Boers have been discovered by the British authorities among the deserted tents on Iimbulwana Hill.

A STRONG FORCE MARCHING FROM KIMBERLEY.

LONDON, March 6.

A strong force, including the Kimberley Light Horse, has marched northwards from Kimberley.

It is expected that the force will meet with resistance from the enemy at Fourteen Streams, about 40 miles north of Kimberley.

The railway bridge at Fourteen Streams has been wrecked by the enemy.

SIEGE OF MAFKING.

LONDON, March 6.

Advices which have been received from Mafeking dated February 19 state that the besiegers are using natives, Germans, and renegade British subjects as a screen for their operations.

BOERS LEAVE CROCODILE POOLS.

LONDON, March 6.

The Boers evacuated Crocodile Pools, a few miles south of Gaborone, on February 25.

Colonel Plumer with his force from Rhodesia has occupied the position.

NUMBERS OF BRITISH FORCES.

LONDON, March 5.

Field-Marshal Lord Roberts has now under his direct command nearly 60,000 men, and is receiving constant reinforcements.

General Sir Redvers Buller's forces total 40,000 men.

DISPOSITION OF FORCES ON THE MODDER.

LONDON, March 6.

The sixth and seventh divisions of the Army Corps and the Mounted Infantry are south of the Modder River; the ninth division and Cavalry brigade are stationed to the north of the river, where the plain is grassy.

Water is abundant.

A force of 4000 Boers on the south of the river has been isolated on kopjes surrounded by open, level country.

A smaller body of the enemy is posted near Lieutenant-General French's force.

A BOER TREK PREVENTED.

LONDON, March 6.

The attempt of a large body of Boers to trek north-westwards was frustrated by Lieutenant-General French.

GENERAL JOUBERT'S FORCES.

LONDON, March 5.

It is anticipated that General Joubert, who is collecting his forces at Abraham's Kraal, will have difficulty in concentrating 35,000 men in the Free State.

Five thousand Boers, from commandos lately operating at Ladysmith and at Coleberg, have gone to Abraham's Kraal.

APPEAL BY PRESIDENT KRUGER.

LONDON, March 6.

President Kruger, who is in Bloemfontein, the capital of the Orange Free State, has issued a fervent appeal to the Free States, praying them to have faith in God with regard to the issue of the present struggle.

## THE WAR.

BESIEGERS OF LADYSMITH RE-CUPERATING.

LONDON, March 6.

Many of the Boers who were lately engaged in the siege of Ladysmith are now recuperating their energies on the Transvaal border.

LOSSES OF THE BELIEVING COLUMN.

LONDON, March 6.

In the operations for the relief of Ladysmith General Sir Redvers Buller, from February 14 to February 27, lost of his rank and file:

Killed. Wounded. Missing.

The losses were chiefly among the following regiments:—2nd East Surrey, 31 killed, 103 wounded; 2nd West Surrey, 7 killed, 108 wounded; 2nd Lancashire, 30 killed, 128 wounded; 2nd Devon, 5 killed, 76 wounded; 2nd West Yorkshire, 6 killed, 81 wounded; 2nd Royal Fusiliers, 2 killed, 57 wounded; 1st South Lancashire, 10 killed, 81 wounded; 1st Rifle Brigade, 11 killed, 79 wounded.

General Buller's column, which relieved Ladysmith, is now resting at Sand-spruit.

NO BOERS NEAR LADYSMITH.

LONDON, March 5.

The British scouts report that none of the enemy is within 30 miles of Ladysmith.

NATAL DUTCHMEN WITH THE BOERS.

LONDON, March 5.

The names of all the Natal Dutch serving with the Boers have been discovered by the British authorities among the deserted tents on Iimbulwana Hill.

STORES AND AMMUNITION ABANDONED BY THE BOERS.

LONDON, March 5.

The joining of 2000 of the Ladysmith garrison in the pursuit of the Boers accelerated the starting of the last three of the enemy's trains from Modder Spruit station, and led to the abandonment of large quantities of stores and ammunition.

The Boers destroyed a railway bridge, thus preventing pursuit.

MARTIAL LAW IN GRIMALAND.

LONDON, March 6.

Martial law has been proclaimed by the British in Griqualand, Konhardt, Britstown, and Barkly West, in West Griqualand.

CONGRATULATIONS FROM THE MIKADO.

LONDON, March 6.

The Emperor of Japan has congratulated her Majesty the Queen on the victories of her armies in South Africa.

## THE SITUATION.

LONDON, March 6.

Public interest will not be centred upon the Orange Free State, which is a state of a few years ago, but upon the Cape Colony, which is a state of a few years ago.

The result of this battle will be a great victory for the British, and a great victory for the British.

It may seem at first sight that the British army that has ever fought outside of Great Britain has been a great victory for the British.

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## AT THE FRONT.

BY OUR SPECIAL WAR CORRESPONDENT, A. B. PATERSON.

THE NEW SOUTH WALES LANCERS.

HOW LIEUTENANT DOWLING'S TROOP WAS CAPTURED.

NARRATIVE OF TROOPER BUCKHOLTZ.

SOME NARROW ESCAPES.

THE REALITIES OF WAR.

TOMMY ATKINS'S LACK OF BUSH-MANSHIP.

POTPOINTE CAMP, JAN. 28.

SUDDEN ATTACK BY BOERS.

THE ENEMY IN CONCEALMENT.

BOERS COMPELLED TO FIGHT.

THE ENEMY IN CONCEALMENT.

BOERS COMPELLED TO FIGHT.

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**L.I. STEAMER.**

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	TEA	102b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	103b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	104b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	105b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	106b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	107b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	108b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	109b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	110b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	111b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	112b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	113b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	114b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	115b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	116b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	117b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	118b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	119b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	120b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	121b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	122b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	123b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	124b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	125b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	126b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	127b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	128b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	129b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	130b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	131b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	132b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	133b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	134b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	135b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	136b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	137b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	138b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	139b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	140b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	141b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	142b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	143b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	144b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	145b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	146b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	147b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	148b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	149b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	150b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	151b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	152b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	153b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	154b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	155b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	156b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	157b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	158b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	159b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	160b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	161b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	162b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	163b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	164b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	165b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	166b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	167b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	168b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	169b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	170b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	171b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	172b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	173b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	174b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	175b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	176b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	177b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	178b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	179b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	180b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	181b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	182b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	183b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	184b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	185b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	186b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	187b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	188b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	189b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	190b.	Apply A.E.
	TEA	191b.	Apply A.E.

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